Plagiarism



Plagiarism is the presentation of another person's ideas as you own. The Oxford English Dictionary defines it as:

"The action or practice of plagiarizing; the wrongful appropriation or purloining, and publication as one's own, of the ideas, or the expression of the ideas (literary, artistic, musical, mechanical, etc.) of another."

UK and US research shows that students plagiarise through:

- ignorance
- poor academic skills
- and a small number through choice, in other words deliberately.

Students are more likely to plagiarise if they have poor academic skills such as: time management, reading & note taking, citation skills and the ability to understand a question.

Librarians can and should take an active role in educating others on the causes of plagiarism and how to avoid being a plagiarist. This should include advice on how to ethically communicate ideas and knowledge to others, as well as the mechanics of citation and the creation of bibliographies.

Plagiarism guides from Ofqual

(Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulations)

Ofqual, <u>www.ofqual.gov.uk/</u>, in association with <u>PlagiarismAdvice.org</u> produce a number of guides to plagiarism; please see links:

Authenticity: a guide for teachers

Avoiding plagiarism: a guide for parents and carers

Using sources, a guide for students: Find it - Check it - Credit it